April 11, 2005

Ms. Lydia L. Perry Law Offices of Robert E. Luna, P.C. 4411 North Central Expressway Dallas, Texas 75205

OR2005-03083

Dear Ms. Perry:

You ask whether certain information is subject to required public disclosure under the Public Information Act (the "Act"), chapter 552 of the Government Code. Your request was assigned ID# 221717.

The Carrollton-Farmers Branch Independent School District (the "district"), which you represent, received two requests from the same requestor for (1) the "names, grade level, addresses, and telephone numbers" of students in the English as a Second Language ("ESL") class of a specified instructor at Creekview High School; and (2) "directory information on students in any one of the ninth, tenth, and twelfth grade English language arts ESL classes at R.L. Turner High School." You claim that the requested information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.114 of the Government Code. We have considered the exception you claim and reviewed the submitted representative sample of information.¹

¹ We assume that the representative sample of records submitted to this office is truly representative of the requested records as a whole. See Open Records Decision Nos. 499 (1988), 497 (1988). This open records letter does not reach and, therefore, does not authorize the withholding of any other requested records to the extent that those records contain substantially different types of information than that submitted to this office.

Section 552.101 of the Government Code excepts from disclosure "information considered to be confidential by law, either constitutional, statutory, or by judicial decision."² Gov't Code § 552.101. This section encompasses information that other statutes make confidential. The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act of 1974 ("FERPA") provides that no federal funds will be made available under any applicable program to an educational agency or institution that releases personally identifiable information (other than directory information) contained in a student's education records to anyone but certain enumerated federal, state, and local officials and institutions, unless otherwise authorized by the student's parent. 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(b)(1). Section 552.114 of the Government Code provides a similar prohibition against public release of student records from an educational institution funded wholly or in part by state funds. "Education records" means those records that contain information directly related to a student and are maintained by an educational agency or institution or by a person acting for such agency or institution. Id. § 1232g(a)(4)(A). This office generally applies the same analysis under section 552.114 and FERPA. Open Records Decision No. 539 (1990); see Gov't Code § 552.026 (providing that Act only requires release of information from education records in conformity with FERPA).

In Open Records Decision No. 634 (1995), this office concluded that: (1) an educational agency or institution may withhold from public disclosure information that is protected by FERPA and excepted from required public disclosure by sections 552.026 and 552.101 of the Government Code without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision as to those exceptions, and (2) an educational agency or institution that is state-funded may withhold from public disclosure information that is excepted from required public disclosure by section 552.114 of the Government Code as a "student record," insofar as the "student record" is protected by FERPA, without the necessity of requesting an attorney general decision as to that exception. See Open Records Decision No. 634 at 6-8 (1995). In this instance, however, you have submitted a representative sample of the requested information to this office for consideration. Therefore, we will consider whether this information is excepted from disclosure under section 552.114 of the Government Code and FERPA.

"Directory information" may be released to the public under FERPA if the educational agency or institution complies with section 1232g(a)(5)(B) of the federal law. See also 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(d); 34 C.F.R. § 99.37. "Directory information" includes a student's name, address, telephone listing, date and place of birth, major field of study, participation in officially recognized activities and sports, weight and height of members of athletic teams, dates of attendance, degrees and awards received, and the most recent previous educational agency or institution attended by the student. See 20 U.S.C. § 1232g(a)(5)(A). However, information that would reveal a student's status as a non-native speaker of English does not constitute "directory information" under FERPA. Id.; see also 34 C.F.R. § 99.3 (directory

² The Office of the Attorney General will raise a mandatory exception like section 552.101 on behalf of a governmental body, but ordinarily will not raise other exceptions. Open Records Decision Nos. 481 (1987), 480 (1987), 470 (1987).

information means information contained in student's education record that would not generally be considered harmful or invasion of privacy if disclosed).

In this instance, the requestor specifically seeks access to information that relates solely to ESL students. Under these circumstances, we conclude that the submitted list of ESL students' names, grade levels, addresses, and telephone numbers does not constitute directory information. Thus, the district must withhold this information in its entirety under section 552.114 of the Government Code and FERPA.

This letter ruling is limited to the particular records at issue in this request and limited to the facts as presented to us; therefore, this ruling must not be relied upon as a previous determination regarding any other records or any other circumstances.

This ruling triggers important deadlines regarding the rights and responsibilities of the governmental body and of the requestor. For example, governmental bodies are prohibited from asking the attorney general to reconsider this ruling. Gov't Code § 552.301(f). If the governmental body wants to challenge this ruling, the governmental body must appeal by filing suit in Travis County within 30 calendar days. Id. § 552.324(b). In order to get the full benefit of such an appeal, the governmental body must file suit within 10 calendar days. Id. § 552.353(b)(3), (c). If the governmental body does not appeal this ruling and the governmental body does not comply with it, then both the requestor and the attorney general have the right to file suit against the governmental body to enforce this ruling. Id. § 552.321(a).

If this ruling requires the governmental body to release all or part of the requested information, the governmental body is responsible for taking the next step. Based on the statute, the attorney general expects that, upon receiving this ruling, the governmental body will either release the public records promptly pursuant to section 552.221(a) of the Government Code or file a lawsuit challenging this ruling pursuant to section 552.324 of the Government Code. If the governmental body fails to do one of these things, then the requestor should report that failure to the attorney general's Open Government Hotline, toll free, at (877) 673-6839. The requestor may also file a complaint with the district or county attorney. *Id.* § 552.3215(e).

If this ruling requires or permits the governmental body to withhold all or some of the requested information, the requestor can appeal that decision by suing the governmental body. *Id.* § 552.321(a); *Tex. Dep't of Pub. Safety v. Gilbreath*, 842 S.W.2d 408, 411 (Tex. App.—Austin 1992, no writ).

Please remember that under the Act the release of information triggers certain procedures for costs and charges to the requestor. If records are released in compliance with this ruling, be sure that all charges for the information are at or below the legal amounts. Questions or complaints about over-charging must be directed to Hadassah Schloss at the Texas Building and Procurement Commission at (512) 475-2497.

If the governmental body, the requestor, or any other person has questions or comments about this ruling, they may contact our office. We note that a third party may challenge this ruling by filing suit seeking to withhold information from a requestor. Gov't Code § 552.325. Although there is no statutory deadline for contacting us, the attorney general prefers to receive any comments within 10 calendar days of the date of this ruling.

Sincerely,

Caroline E. Cho

Assistant Attorney General Open Records Division

CEC/sdk

Ref: ID# 221717

Enc. Submitted documents

c: Ms. Margarita Martin-Hidalgo Staff Writer The Dallas Morning News 508 Young Street Dallas, Texas 75202 (w/o enclosures)